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Clearing; southerly gales, shifting

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1896-COPYRIGHT, 1896, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.-TWENTY-EIGHT PAGES.

BRITISH CRIMES IN AFRICA | note recently issued at Washington to know that the Sheffield daily Telegraph, a bitter anti-

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COLD. BLOODED MURDERS BY "PI-ONEERS OF CIVILIZATION."

Shocking Incidents of the War in Matabeleinnd-If the Irish Cause Patts, It Will Be Killed by Its Own Friends-Newspapers Trying Hard to Supply the Young Queen of Holland with a Husband-King Alfonso Has Outgrown His Sickly Tendencies-Marthorough Entertates 2.000 Guests - Nansen's Journey.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. LONDON, Sept. 5.-Turkey, it should be said, is not the only country where barbarities, without a shadow of excuse, are being committed. A terrible indictment has been made against the British forces engaged in suppressing the rebel-lion in Matabeleland. Several private letters from Buluwayo this week describe with an air of verity atrocities which amount to wholesale legalized murder. Nothing worse in general character is reported from Constantinople than this from Englishmen engaged with the British detachment in pursuit of natives:

When out on patrol a week ago we suddenly surprised five Kaffirs sitting down watching some goats. They simply jumped up, threw down their shields and assegnis, and covered their faces with their hands. One short command was given and the five men were shot dead. We rode on as if nothing had happened. "Another case is that of a young green doctor sent fresh from home by the Red Cross Society.

lie was tying up a wounded Matabele when a sergeant came by. Hullo, Doctor," says he, "what are you up

"'Attending this wounded native,' replies "'Nonsense,' says the officer. 'Leave the nigger and come and look after some of my

men.'
"'No,' says the Doctor, 'I must attend to this native first." "Oh, vou must, ch? All right. Bandage

away.' And he drew his revolver and blew half

the Kaffir's head off." The Irish Race Convention in Dublin must on the whole, be described as disappointing. Mr. Justin McCarthy declares that it was "a complete and splendid success." It is, to be sure, much too early to speak confidently of its effect in the Irish constituencies, but there are no signs yet of a popular rebellion against those members of the parliamentary delegation who persist in keeping alive the fends which have

one sense it has intensified the dissensions, and that without providing or suggesting remedies, The most hopeful thing Mr. McCarthy finds to say in his optimistic analysis of the situation 'If any members of the party should, after the deliberations and warning of this week, persist in ignoring the authority of the majority, the constituents of such men will have to take action at the next general election.

paralyzed the political influence of Ireland. In

This is a far away and ineffectual remedy. There is no sign yet that the people who support Mr. Redmond or Mr. Healy will attach the slightest weight to the recommendations of the Convention, which tacitly endorsed the Dillon party and condemned the others. The only important effect which will probably be felt at once will be the complete cutting off of financial Healy factions. It will be a long time, however, before this will seriously cripple tho politicians. They have other sources of supply and they are not easily discouraged.

The Convention has at least served to put the situation clearly before the world. The Irish cause is about to be sacrificed, if such be its fate, by its own friends and not by the enemy.

The newspapers of Europe, without the slightest authority, have been engaged for at least two years past in finding a suitable hus-band for the young Queen of Holland. Each annonncement has been invariably contradicted upon authority, because the Queen Regent is pecultarly sensitive in this matter and is known to look forward with something like dread to her daughter's marriage. But journalistic matchmakers, not in the least abashed by past failures, and we are now told that she is about to be betrothed to Prince Bernard of Saxe-Weimar. who is related to Queen Victoria. The announcement has not yet been officially denied, but a contradiction ought to be on the way, for the Prince can scarcely be regarded as a suitable husband for the Queen of the Netherlands. Moreover, he is only 18 years old and the Queen Regent, like most mothers, is not favorable to long engagements. If current rumor be trustworthy, she has caused it to be made known in the European courts that she desires no matrimonial proposals until her daughter is of age, and, as far as possible. little Queen Wilhelmina has been kept in ignorance of the existence of a dozen or more eager

would-be suitors. If the young Queen's character be as firm and self-willed as has been frequently declared, she may not wait for a husband until she is of age. She has plenty to occupy her thoughts for the time, for the Queen Regent is a pretty strict disciplinarian and Wilhelmina has to work hard upon a course of studies, scientific, linguistic, artistic, and domestic, which certainly ought to result in the production of the best educated

and accomplished young woman in Europe. Another young monarch, Alfonso XIII. of Spain, also has to work very hard, for he has twice as many lessons to learn daily as the average boy. Just now, however, he is making a holiday with his mother, nurses, tutors, and governors at San Sebastian, and spends only wo hours a day at his studies, an arrangement which, though perfectly heavenly for King Alfonso, would upset the equanimity of the average boy aforesaid.

A Sun reporter recently at San Sebastian says the royal party came there early in August and will remain till the end of September. In accordance with custom they are installed at Miramar Castle, and the townspeople and visitors see a good deal more of them than the citizens of Madrid have ever done. The King populace, who can see that his little Majesty thinks it the grandest fun in the world, second only to running and paddling barefoot on the

Unhappily, the Spanish doctors do not alto gether approve this amusement, and grudgingly agreed to a compromise whereby it is allowed for one hour a day only. Alfonso has turned 10 years of age, and is no longer a little boy, can and delicate, as he once gave indications of becoming. He is not very big nor fat, to be sure, but he is bright, quick, thoroughly robust,

and merry as any youngster of his age. It is currently reported at San Sebastian that there was a royal row at Miramar Castle last week. Alfonso desiring to see and talk with Mine, Sarah Bernhardt and the Queen Regent objecting. Farah gave two performances. "Fe-

dura" and "Camille," at the Grand Casino. Encouraged by his young and ambitious wife the Duke of Marlborough has decided to enter the stirring arena of politics, and to-day he made a start by throwing open Blenheim Palace and grounds to 2,000 members of various Tory clubs. The gathering was a decidedly mixed one as regards the social quality of the guests, but the Young Duke did his part manfully. It is estimated that the entertainment cost at least \$20,000, but, doubtless, the money is regarded as well spent. The Duke has some talent. probably a good deal more than the average British peer, and this, coupled with his great rank and wealth, ought to get him into the

It may interest the designers of the dollar

American journal, regards it as the most beau-tiful thing of its kind ever made. This is probably the first good word this paper ever permitted itself to publish regarding anything

American. Little by little the story of Nansen's wonderful journey north is reaching England from a variety of sources. Sir George Baden Powell, who met the explorer at Hammerfest, writes that "Nansen's journey, when the world knows all the details, will be regarded as the greatest feat of mental and physical endurance ever recorded of any human beings. Another account says that north of 84° north latitude no animal life was found to exist. The northerly flight of birds is believed to be due to their having lost their way, or having been blown out of their course. The depth of water at the furthest north attained seems to indicate that there can be no land near. Soundings taken at 84" gave depths of 1,310 to 1,530 fathoms, Further north the lead reached greater depths, as much as 2,186 fathoms.

The temperature of the sea was found to present several peculiarities. At a depth of 109 fathous the water was cold. Then there came a stratum at 382 fathoms with some degrees of heat. Under this, at 490 fathoms, there was cold water. The proportion of salt in the water varied a good deal. Further north they got less tide and current.

English jealousy of the American line is taking a form which is more amusing than harmful. Several solemn letters appear in the Times this week, protesting that the big ships St. Paul and St. Louis go through the Solent at such a high rate of speed that they create great waves. which damage the beach and frighten bathers at Cowes, Even a British navy Captain complains, and says it is not the fault of the pilots, as though the ships' engines were not as much under the control of the pilot as the helm. The complainants all assume that the dreadful speed is due to ambition to cut down the record, when as a matter of fact the ships run yerr slowly in the Solent, the time between Southampton and New York being reckoned from the Needles at the entrance to the Solent, not from the dock

The latest Parisian institution, which is pretty sure to be copied in all civilized countries, is an alibi office. The concern undertakes to post letters for customers from any point of the world, and render other little services tending to indicate the presence of at least an astral body at a certain point while the physical body is otherwise engaged elsewhere.

HELD UP BY ROBBERS.

Forty Men in a Gambling Saloon Without a Revolver-Stage Robbery.

PURBLO, Col., Sept. 5 .- Four revolvers in the hands of two nervy men held up forty men in the Green Light gambling house, in the heart of the city, at 11:20 last night. The robbers got \$450 belonging to the proprietors of the place. A tall, slim man of the pair held the crowd at bay, forcing them to keep up their hands, while a short, rather heavy-set robber went to the faro table and took from the drawer \$325 in currency and some sliver. Then he quickly made his way to the crap table. Here was piled some \$250 in silver, but the man contented himself with taking \$125. It is presumed that they intended to rob the safe, but just at this mo-ment one of the employees of the house who had been out to supper came running up the stairs, making considerable noise, and this evidently

making considerable noise, and this evidently frightened the robbers.

They quickly backed toward the rear door, meanwhile covering the crowd with their guns, and disappeared. Deputy sheriffs and policemen were soon on the ground, carefully scarching the city and guarding outgoing trains for the men. A peculiar fact in connection with the robbery is that not one of the forty players had a revolver.

Park Rapids, Minn., Sept. 5.—The Bormidiji stage was held up yesterday by two masked road agents. One stopped the team. The driver pulled a revolver and the second robber put a builet through his hat. This subdued him, and robber No. 2 went through his pockets, taking \$55 in cash and a small express order, and disappearing in the brush. The mail was not disturbed. There is no clue to the robbers.

KILLED BY A HOODOO GUN.

A Fourteen-year-old Boy Shoots Himself

New ORLEANS, Sept. 5.-Charles Cox. the 14-year-old son of J. B. Cox, a prosperous farmer, living seven miles north of Columbia, Marton county, Wiss., accidently shot himself while out hunting yesterday, a few miles away from home. The entire load of one barrel of the gun passed upward through the body, com ing out at the back of his right shoulder. His two dogs remained with the body until near night, when one of them went home. The family followed the dog and found the body of the boy guarded by the other dog, who was howling mournfully over the dead young mas-

howling mournfully over the dead young mas-ter.

The gun which caused young Cox's death
has figured largely in the history of Marion
county, having killed four men and wounded
half a dozen. It was in the hands of Lorenzo
Cox. grandfather of the boy, when he was
killed by William Morris, but it inflicted
wounds on Morris which subsequently caused
nis death. Jacob Cox, father of the boy, was
also seriously wounded by the gun some rears
ago, but recovered. The gun is regarded as
"hoodoo" in Marion county, where there are a
number of men still living who carry its bullets.

FELL BEFORE A CABLE CAR.

A Woman Seized with an Epileptic Fit in

People in the neighborhood of Seventh street and Third avenue noticed a poorly dressed woman at the southwest corner about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, walking to and fro and wringing her hands. After a while the woman started across Third avenue to the east side. As she reached the cable car tracks she threw up her hands and fell face downward across them. A south-bound car had just left the switching station, half a block above, and was moving toward the woman at full speed.

People who saw the woman fall set up People who saw the woman fall set up a shout, and several men ran out and picked her up. She was in a hysterical condition and struggled to get away. The gripman had succeeded in stopping the car in time. The woman was taken to the East Fifth street police station. An ambulance surgeon found that she was not hurt, but was subject to epilepsy, and she was sent to Bellevue Hospital. She said that she was Stacla Corcoran, but refused to say anything else.

The hospital people say that her real name is Stacla Osborne, and that during attacks of epilepsy she has been in several of the city hospitals. She is a widow, and her relatives live in Albany.

THE RETURNING GOLD.

Five Millions on the Campania and St. Paul-Sab-Treasury Gets About \$4,000,000

The amount of gold deposited in the Sub-Treasury in this city of the recent imports. either in the form of American eagles or assay checks, is, as nearly as can be ascertained, about \$4,000,000. Heidelbach, ickelheimer & Co., Speyer & Co., and Lazard Frères deposited each \$500,000 yesterday in exchange for green-

The St. Paul, which arrived at this port on Friday, brought \$500,000 gold consigned to Lazard Frères, \$500,000 to Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Cu., and \$250,000 to Muller, Schall & Co. The Campania brought in \$4,006,450, consigned as follows:



Democratic State Convention at Buffalo. Take Lehigh Valley R. R. Round trip tickets Eight dollars. Good Sept. 14 and 15, returning on or before Sept. 19. Tickets at all Lehigi

TURKEY'S GREAT CRIMES.

WILL SOMETHING BE DONE AT LAST TO STOP THE MASSACRES?

A Report that England Will Adopt Practic Measures Which Will Force the Powers to Deal with the Whole Turkish Question-Germany Wants Outrages Stopped. Special Cable Desputch to THE SUR.

LONDON, Sept. 5,-Is something really going to be done at last, in the name of righteousness. in Turkey? Some people in England in whom the instincts of humanity are not yet dead encourage us to believe so. It is difficult to understand, however, why the slaughter of 5,000 Armenians in Constantinople should arouse the conscience of the European powers when the massacre of many more thousands in their own province falled to do so. Indeed, if Prince Lobanof still lived I should discredit ail reports of intended interference with the Sultan, no matter what excesses he committed so long as he shed none but Armenian blood.

We have not heard much of late about that precious thing, the Concert of the Powers. but it is still of paramount importance, in the estimation of ruling statesmen. These functionaries are to-day swelling with conscious virtue over the terms of the last note which they have sent to Abdul Hamid. They point out proudly that it contains the strongest language of remonstrance yet used to that royal assassin. as though language of any description any longer mattered in dealing with the interesting

There is, I admit, a strong impression in diplomatic circles to-day that this note is preliminary to salutary action. It is suggested that this will take the form of a peremptory demand that the Sultan dismiss his whole entourage. This seems to be an utterly inadequate and futile move, even if the demand be granted, as after several weeks of the usual haggling, it would be easy to supply their places with a set of creatures equally venal and vile.

Another report is that Lord Salisbury will take advantage of the public sentiment throughout Europe and the temporary disturbance of Russian policy caused by Prince Lobanof's death to adopt drastic measures which will, at least, force the powers to deal with the whole Turkish question and prevent further atroci-

The most hopeful factor of the situation is that it is now admitted and believed throughout Europe that last week's massacre was deliberately planned and executed by the Turkish authorities, and almost certainly with the full knowledge of the Sultan. It is a shameful fact that the only journal in Europe which is perverting the truth in this regard and defending the Sultan against all criticisms is the Paris edition of the New York Herald, The Americans in Europe are amazed and indignant over the attitude taken by the Constantinople correspondent of this journal and its endorsement in the editorial columns of that newspaper.

By the United Press. Sir Philip W. Currie, the British Ambassador to Turkey, who left London on his return to Constantinople on Monday last, was directed before his departure to obtain an early audience with the Sultan, and to deliver to his Majesty a message from Queen Victoria protesting against the massacres which have taken place, and demanding that stringent measures be taken to prevent further outrages. At the same time the Ambassador will present to the Porte a formal note from Lord Salisbury of a menac ing character.

Bantin, Sept. 5 .- The Czar has instructed Count von Osten-Sacken to communicate with Prince Hohenlohe upon the subject of concerted armed action on the part of the powers to prevent Turkish massacres; but whether the Czar has decided to reverse the policy of inaction pursued by Prince Lobanof, the Kaiser and Prince Hohenlohe have clearly altered the attitude of Germany toward the Porte.

The North German Gazette yesterday said: For the first time it is now declared to be a necessity that the powers should put a stop to outrages by the Turks, or, asoficial language has phrased it, 'civilized Europe must adopt an disorders."

The National Zeitung goes further than this, saving: "The Sultan must be warned that a recurrence of massacres will endanger his throne and his dynasty."

The Hamburger Correspondent, a semi-official journal, says: "Whatever the powers mean to do ought to be done quickly. There is a shameful stain upon the Sultan's Government that can never be cleansed away, for a wild beast let oose by the authorities is plundering and cruelly slaughtering men, women, and children. responsible."

This significant change in the tone of the semi-official press is understood to be due to Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, who has had an inkling of the altered tendency of the Czar's sentiments as well as those of the Kniser. Anyhow it is not conceivable that, after the ex change of prolonged and incessant diplomatic communications, the Czar and the Kaiser could meet without entering into discussion of the foremost topic of European politics.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 5 .- A panic was caused here yesterday by the falling of an Armenian from a window to the street below. The people who saw the man fall believed that he had been thrown out of a window, and a rumor spread wildfire that rioting had been renewed. The shops in Constantinople and Galata were closed at once and kept closed until the scare was over and the people had become quiet.

It is reported that the Armenian Revolutionary Association is making arrangements for a great Armenian demonstration. The Armenian Catholic Patriarch has caused the distribution of certificates, intended to identify the holders thereof as Armenian Catholics, and this measure has thrown the Gregorian Armenians into great consternation, fearing that they may be made the chief victims of violence.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 .- The Turkish Legation has received from the Sublime Porte the follow-

The Extraordinary Court, instituted after the recent troubles, held its first sitting, and 143 individuals, Mussulmans and Armenians, implicated in the disorders, were delivered to the regular courts. The imperial authorities arrested some Armenian revolutionists, disguised as Mussulman priests and as soldiers. Thanks to the measures taken, order prevails everywhere in the empire."

The Turkish Legation has also received from the Porte the following telegram under yesterday's date:

"The Imperial Government has decided to proceed without delay to the trial of the Armenian revolutionists implicated in the recent disorders at Constantinople, as well as of the individuals who without motive had allowed themselves to kill and plunder peaceful citizens. The severest penalties will be inflicted upon them.

"The agents of the police who were present and did not prevent the crimes they saw will also be tried and punished in an exemplary way. As, however, the trial of these people would be lengthy if they were to be submitted to the ordinary court, an extraordinary court has been instituted solely for these cases, which will be tried publicly and with no appeal. "The most part of the misdeeds committed

during the recent disorders having been perpetrated by individuals of different classes who came from abroad with seditious and criminal intent, the police received the order to expel them from Turkish territory."

Collars, E. & W. Collars, Esleta E. & W. Opeopta des

A. P. NEWS BRYANIEED

Protest from a Member of the Association Against Lying Reports,

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 5,-The Evening Bee Publishing Company, of which Edward Rosewater a director of the Chicago Associated Press, is proprietor, said editorially yesterday:

'As a member of the Associated Press the Bee was the first to remonstrate against the perversion of the service in the interest of Bryan or any other candidate for the office. The function of the Associated Press is to transmit the news, not to circulate campaign literature and personal puffs. "When the Associated Press appointed Mr.

Bryan's secretary as its agent to travel with Bryan and report his movements and his utterances, it was to have been expected that everything sent out about the Popocratic candidate would be distorted and magnified in his interest. Judged by the reports which Mr. Bryan's private secretary sent out through the Assoclated Press from this section, the tremendous ovations and triumphal receptions accorded Brran in the East are to be taken with large

"All the way across lows the imaginative private secretary peopled every station with thousands and every water tank and railroad crossing with eager hundreds giving vent to their exuberant enthusiasm. Such reports were doubtless highly gratifying to the silver organs west of the Rockies, but they were an imposition upon Associated Press members, as well as upon the public."

THE BRYAN "DEAD PERIOD." Effect of the Free-silver Campaign on One

Investment Enterprise. The Democratic Honest-money League of America received yesterday a letter which indicates the injury the free-silver agitation is doing in the matter of foreign investments in American industrial enterprises. The letter is from a leading London investment firm to an American representative, and refers to a transaction involving an investment of \$2,000,000 in an enterprise which would give employment to thousands of workingmen. It is as follows:

Aug. 14, 1896. Dear Str.: Following our letter of Aug. 5, we should Presidential election is settled.

The attention of the English investors has been more closely sugged during the present Presidential election than in any previous one, and we think that any American enterprise would be jeopardized in any attempt to get capital before the results of the ele tion are known. This need not prevent actilement of terms, but before any bend is definitely taken it would be well to allow this dead period to clapse, as the option would probably not be altogether for more than three or four months. Part of that time would be wasted if the actual bond was obtained before the public here was satisfied that the finances in America are placed beyond question, so far as the present at-tack of the silver politicians is concerned. Personally we have no doubt of the issue, but the ordinary investor is not so thoroughly satisfied on that point.

SEWALL MUST COME DOWN.

Louisiana Populista Reject Fusion Until Watson Is Swallowed.

NEW OHLEANS, Sept. 5 .- Hardy Brian, Chairman of the Populist State Central Committee, and also of the committee to confer with the Democrats, has replied to the Popocratic proposition for fusion on the electoral ticket. After a conference with the other leaders of the party he declines fusion on a basis of a division of the electors, no matter if a majority are given to the Populists, and will only cooperate on the basis of the pulling down of Sewall as candidate for Vice-President and the acceptance by the

Popocrats of Tom Watson as their man. Mr. Brian refuses to hold any conference with the Popocrats until Sewall retires from the field. If this is done the Populists will, he says, support the Popocratic ticket.

THEY PLANTED THE POLE. Mr. Hoffman's Ineffectual Fight Against Telephone Linemen.

Some men employed by the New Jersey and New York Telephone Company attempted to plant a pole vesterday in front of 62 Franklin street, Jersey City, Conrad Hoffman, the owner of the property, ordered them to stop. The foreman showed a permit from the Board of Street and Water Commissioners, and that influenced the police to refrain from interfering. The men it the fifty-foot pole in the hole and raised it. Mr. Hoffman went up on the roof with a clothes line with a running noose on the end of it. He threw the noose over the top of the pole and, miling it tant, pulled the pole over until it leaned against the edge of the roof. Then he leaned against the edge of the roof. Then he tied the other end of the rope around the base of the chimney, and, armed with an Iron bar, stood near the edge of the roof awaiting developments. A lineman climbed up the pole, tied another rope around and was about to cut Mr. Hoffman's rope when that gentleman threatened to brain him with the iron bar, and he desisted.

The men below began to pull on the rope. The men below began to pull on the rope. Fearing that his rope would break Hoffman went down to get a stronger one. He had no sooner disappeared than the lineman climbed up and cut the fastenings. The men below hauled the pole over to an erect position. Hoffman's son ran out of the house with a revolver, and threatened to shoot any man who attempted to fill in the hole. A big lineman stepped on the young man's corns, and that took all the fight out of him. The pole was planted, and the big crowd which had gathered to see the fun melted away.

HONOR TO CLARA BARTON.

She Sailed on the Steamship Umbria Tea-

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 5.-When Miss Clara Barton and the members of her staff left Constantinople, after their great work in relieving the suffering Armenians in Turkey, their departure was made the occasion of a grand display by the representatives of all overnments located there. Bunting was lavishly displayed in her honor, and an escort, composed of many craft, accompanied Miss Barton's vessel out of the harbor.

A cablegram received here announces that Miss Barton sailed for New York to-day on the steamer Umbria. Friends of the American National Red Cross are endeavoring to arrange a proper reception for the travellers upon their arrival in New York. Upon Miss Barton's arrival at her home in Washington it is understood that a grand reception will be given her by residents of the nation's capital in honor of the great success which has attended the extraordinary work of herself and corps during their solourn in Turkey.

A Fing for New York Harbor. Lieut, McConnell of the anchorage cutter

Manhattan, on duty at this port, has received a notification from Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle that hereafter the Manhattan shall carry a distinctive flag at the bow; said flag hall be a white field with a blue foul anchor in the centre, placed at an angle of forty-five de-grees." Capt. C. F. Shoemaker, Chief of the revenue cutter service, directs Lieut. McConnell "at once make requisition on the depart-ent" for the anchorage flag.

Funeral of Prof. Fowler.

Onange, Sept. 5 .- At the funeral this afternoon of Prof. Lorenzo Niles Fowler, the phre-nologist, who died at West Orange on Wednesday, a brief address was made by the Rev. J. Lester Wells of the Peoples' Tabernacle in Jersey City, and the interment was in the family plot at Rosedale Cemetery, Orange, Prof. Nelson Sizer, the President of the American Institute of Phrenology, and the senior class of students at the institute attended the services. New Floor for Bulls and Bears to Dance On.

Workmen began to tear up the floor of the Board room of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday shortly after the gong at 12 o'clock yesterday shortly after the going at 12 o'clock announced that the business of the day was over. When the members assemble again on Tuesday morning they will have a brand-new floor of Georgia pine, and the joily band of which Dick Hamsted is the leader is expected to perform whatever ceremonials are fitted to the occasion.

LI IS HOMEWARD BOUND.

HE AND HIS SUITE LEAVE WASH. INGTON FOR NIAGARA FALLS.

Rain Prevented the Trip to Mount Vernor to Lay a Wreath on Washington's Tomb-He Says Washington Was One of

the Three Foremost Men in History.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5. - Drizzliffg weather changed the programme for Li Hung Chang's last day of entertainment in the United States A trip to the top of the Washington Monument. ostponed from yesterday, was the first event cancelled this morning, and a trolley car journey of fifteen miles to deposit a wreath at Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon was declared off this afternoon.

The Viceroy was at work with his secretaries before 7 o'clock this morning, making notes of his latest observations, and particularly of his long talk with Secretary Carlisle, as well as disposing of a large amount of official correspondence requiring action before leaving to-night on the journey for home. The Viceroy's health continues excellent, and the night's sleep had thoroughly rested him, fitting him, as he declared, for a busy day.

The Portuguese Minister, Viscount de Santo Thryso, was received at 9 o'clock, and at 9:30 Gen. Ruger took the Viceroy and his party over to the Treasury Department. Lord Li and ex-Secretary Foster accompanied them.

Before the party left the hotel Mr. Drew, the

Viceroy's customs adviser, gave to the press an

authoritative statement regarding the propose

Chinese tariff changes, about which Li Hung Chang has held discussion with the chief fiscal authorities of all the countries he has visited. The readiness always displayed by the United States in recognizing tariff autonomy to all na tions, and the comparatively small trade the United States enjoys with China, rendered this portion of his mission to the United States easier than it had been in England: for instance, the English possessing nearly eighty per cent. of the Empire's trade. Instead, therefore, of trying to learn what concessions from the present treaty stipulations the United States would be willing to waive, the Viceroy's interview with Secretary Carlisle was rather to secure advice on the great question of financiering, which is forced

upon the Peking Government by the Japanese war indemnity and projects of comprehensive internal developments. All the old treaties which opened China to commerce and still remaining in force included a favored nation clause and prescribed a uniform import tariff

which opened China to commerce and shift remaining in force included a favored nation clause and prescribed a uniform import tariff of five per cent. ad valorem on a specific list of articles of some length. Many of these articles have been cheapened, but the rates remaining unchanged, and the source of revenue has dimmisshed until it is no longer equal to the empire's needs. It is therefore proposed to increase the duty, which can only be done by new treaties, and England alone objects unless - ubstantial concessions are made. The French are also insistent upon a reduction of the silk export tax, and will probably lave to be appeased in some way. The Liking or internal tax upon goods entering interior provinces, after paying the imperial import tax, is also the subject of much dissatisfaction on the part of foreign countries, because of its irregularities and discriminations. In maxing this tax uniform important reductions are contemplated, which will be gratifying to England as well as to all the treaty powers who enjoy favored nation treatment. Everything depends upon the result of the English negotiations which will be soon pressed in London, and which may require the placing of certain large contracts in England to offset present advantages enjoyed by Englishmen. The Vicercy is studying the question in all its aspects, and on his return to Peking the project is apt to assume more definite shape.

Secretary Carlisie and Treasurer Morgan escorted the Vicercyal party through the vaults, showing him \$150,000,000 in gold and silver coin, which did not seem to Impress him; but when the bond-issue division was reached he manifested great interest and piled his guides with questions. When a \$50,000 bond was shown him he nudged ex-Secretary Foster and asked him if he had any like that. In the cash room Mr. Morgan presented the Vicercy with a dollar bill of the new issue, numbered "74," corresponding to his age, and this incident brought out the fact that to-day was Secretary Carlisle entered the carriage with him a

were driven to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, where all the operations of money and stamp making were viewed with the greatest

stamp making were viewed with the greatest curiosity.

The Viceroy has been more deeply impressed with the life and character of Washington than he had hitherto been credited with. At the Capitol yesterday, when he viewed the historical paintings in the rotunda he studied that of Washington resigning his commission with greater attention than any others, and to-day he caused extracts of the first President's farewell address to be translated to him.

Subsequently, in response to a request for an interview regarding his impressions of the Capitol, he sent out the following by one of his secretaries:

secretaries:
"The three foremost men in history have been Napoleon, the Chinese Emperor Yao, and Wash-

Napoleon, the Chinese Emperor Yao, and Washington.

"Napoleon created an empire which was speedily destroyed.

"Yao created an empire and then proceeded himself to rule over it.

"Washington built up a creat nation, then stopped aside, leaving others to govern."

When the Viceroy returned to his hotel at noon the rain began to fail heavily, and it was immediately announced that he would cancel all further sightseeing and remain in his apartments until he had to leave for his train. Luncheon was promptly served and followed by the inevitable siests for an hour.

A handsome wreath, which had been ordered for the Viceroy to take to Mount Vernon and place on Washington's tomb, was sent to the Chinese legation with instructions for the Minister to perform the act of homage as the Emperor's representative.

A present of \$150 was sent down to be divided among the hotel servants, and the proprietor and manager of the hotel were decorated with silver medals, similar in appearance to the old trade dollar, but hardly so well executed.

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At 4 o'clock 115 small handbags and bundles were sent to the station, these constituting all the baggage the memoers of the suite had taken from the train during their stay here. At 5:30 carriages were taken for the depot by the entire party, including tien. Ruger, four troops of the Sight Cavalry acting as escort.

The same simptones train that brought the party from New York was in readiness, Vice-President Thomson's private car being reserved for the Ambassador, and at 6 o'clock the journey to Niagara Falls began.

In addition to those who came to Washington on the train H. W. Hoe and M. Y. Chung of the legation here accompanied the party as personal representatives of the Chinese Minister.

The train will not be specied through Fennsylvania to-night, as there is no hurry, and it is desired not to disturb the Vicerov's sleep, which he considers the panacca of all illa, and to which he attributes his hale old age.

Niaoana Falls, Sept. 5.—All arrangements for the visit of Li Hung Chang and party to this city to-morrow have been completed. Lieut Townlee, U.S. A., representing the United States Government, and Sir Henry Joly de Lothbintere and the Hon. A. C. Parmalee, representing the Canadian Government, have arrived in the city to make final provisions for the reception of the distinguished guest. The party will arrive in the city at 11:30 A. M., and will ream in here until Monday morning. They will visit the various points of interest about the city and will have headquarters at the Cataract House.

A part of the kitchen of that famous hostelry has been set aside for his cooks, who will prepare his m

dining room.

From here he will go to Toronto, and thence to North Hay and on to Vancouver, sailing from there on the Empress of India on the 14th. On his entrance into Canada on Monday he will be met and saluted by several of the Canadian regiment. regiments. Canadian Pacific Railroad train to convey him through Canada is said to be one of the finest trains in the world. All the railroads are running excursions to the city.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept 5. While excavating

in the rear of the old Jesse James home in this city, where the outlaw was killed in 1882.workmen yesterday came upon the skeleton of a man who had been bursed without a coffin. A theory has gained credence that the body is a victim of Jesse James. A man, Edward Miller by name, mysteriously disappeared while a member of the gang, and it is the belief of many that he was murdered by Jesse James. A FICTIM OF HIS OWN DEVICE. Mr. John Clement Shot by a Gon Trap Set to Shoot Bore to the Leg.

Mr. John Clement, Superintendent of the brass works of the Manhattan Elevated road of this city, lives at 185 Galtann avenue, Astoria. The grounds about his home are devoted to grape raising, and there are few finer arbors in the county. Boys stole in at night, robbed the vines, and broke the arbors down. Mr. Clement remonstrated. It did no good. Mr. Clement constructed a gun trap. It was

hidden in the grass. A person stepping on a small board would cause the weapon to explode. It was almed in such a manner as to hit its victim in the calf of the leg. Friday evening Mr. Clement strolled out among his arbors to enjoy his after-dinner clear. He sat in a summer house for an hour or more; then he started for the house. As he passed under the arbors he put his foot on the board. There was an explosion, and Mr. Clement lay on the ground. The bullet had entered the calf

of his leg and severed an artery. Mr. Clement called once or twice, but nobody in the house heard him. He tore a tough twig from a grapevine and bound it tightly about his leg, just above the wound, stopping the flow of blood. Again Mr. Clement called, and this time his cries were heard. Servants bore him into the house. Dr. Charles H. McDonald of the St. John's Hospital staff extracted the bullet. Mr. Clement is in no danger.

SPAIN'S OTHER WAR.

Her Gunboats Make an Attack Upon the Philippine Islanders.

MADRID, Sept. 5. Official advices from Manila say that the Spanish gunboats made an attack upon the insurgents who were intrenched upon the isthmus of Cavite and the peninsula, while a column of troops pursued them upon land, The insurgents were routed and many of them were taken prisoners by the Spanish. prisoners were shot and 200 transported to the Marianne Islands.

SHOT DOWN BEHIND HIS BAR. Solomon Bahr Mortally Wounded-Another Man Shot.

Jose Rodereguez, a Cuban cigarmaker, 38 rears old, of 54 Atlantic avenue. Brooklyn. paid a prolonged visit, yesterday afternoon. saloon at 32 Atlantic avenue and closed his visit by shorting and probably mortally wounding Solomon Bahr, the proprictor. Rodereguez had inculged in several drinks and while paying for them became involved in a dispute with Bahr over the change. Suddenly he drew a 38-calibre revolver and fired two shots in quick succession across the bar at Bahr. One of the bullets struck Bahr in the left side and is supposed to have entered the lung. While one of the customers was trying to disarm the infuriated Cuhan another shot was fired. This time the bullet passed through the glass in the front door and struck Martin Mulhally of 30 Emmet street on the shoulder, inflicting a slight flesh wound.

Rodereguez was arrested and locked up in the Amity street station, liahr was taken in an ambulance to the Long Island College Hosnital. At a late hour the doctors said he had only a slight chance of recovery. the change. Suddenly be drew a 38-calibre

PICKED UP AT SEA. The 15-foot Boat in Which Two Men Started to Cross the Ocean. WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 .- A report received at

the Department of State from Consul James F. Neal, stationed at Liverpool, says that Capt. Olsen, of the Norwegian bark Hooding, reports having picked up at sea in lat. 50 N., long. 15 W., a clinker-built half-decked 18-foot boat, Sozodont of New York. The boat was capaized Sozodont of New York. The boat was capsized at the time, and appears to have been fitted out for a cross-Atiantic voyage. There had been two men in her, and the Captain thinks they may have been picked up by some other vessel. The men. Capt. Olsen says, appear to have clung to the boat after she capsized, as the deck had been cut and broken open on the bort side in order to get at provisions. The life beits were hanging on the port side, and had the appearance of having been cut, hence the reason or presuming the men had been picked up. The report of Capt, Olsen was made by request of Consul Neal, and bears the date of Aug. 22.

T. DE Q. TULLY'S HAND REFUSED.

Michell's Traducer. T. De Quincey Tully, the Secretary of the Law Enforcement Society, paid a visit yesterday morning to the office of Deputy Excise Commissioner Mitchell in Brooklyn. official he met was John Ward, the counsel, and, extending his hand, he remarked: "How are you, Mr. Ward?" Mr. Ward said: "I refuse to shake hands with you; you are no man, and in future I only wish to meet you in connection with the business of the Excise Department." ment."
Mr. Ward explained that he could not shake hands with a man who had declared that Col.

hands with a man who had declared. Michell was in the hands of "a lot of pirates. No Police Protection for Jersey City Poltey Cames.

The Hudson County, N. J., Grand Jury for the April term were discharged by Justice Lippincott yesterday. Under instructions from Justice Lippincott they had investigated a rumor that men engaged in the policy business and in rumning pool rooms were paying for protection. They were unable to find any evidence, and presented a report to that effect.

Drove Off a Bridge Into the River.

MANISTEE, Mich., Sept. 5 .- Shortly after last midnight James Henderson, proprietor of the city back line, started from his stable to drive to East Lake, having three passengers inside his hack. The night was dark and foggy, and Henderson plunged off a bridge abunnent into the river. Henderson secaped easily, but his passengers were locked inside. Two of them broke the windows and climbed out, but James Hawley went down inside the hack and was drowned.

Boston, Sept. 5.-A cable message from the European Union of Astronomers to Mesars. Chandler and Ritchie, announces the discovery Changler and Ritchin, announces the discovery of a new comet by Giacobini, an astronomer at the Nice Observatory. The comet was first seen by him at 8 hours 16 minutes Greenwich mean time, the position being R. A. 17 hours 10 minutes 32 seconds, declination south 7 de-grees 29 minutes. The comet has a motion of plus 2 minutes in R. A., and south 4 minutes.

A Naval Cadet Mortally Injured.

Jeter B. Thomas, 17 years old, a United States naval cadet, fell from the upper deck into the hold of the steamship Segurança of the New York and Cuba Steamship Company, lying at Pier 16, East River, yesterday, receiving inju-ries that may, prove fatal. He was removed to Hudson Street Hospital, Young Thomas, who shipped only yesterday, lived with his brother at 211 Union street, Elizaboth.

Teacher for the Cleveland Children CHICAGO, Sept. 5. Miss Mary Bannister Wilard, niece of Frances E. Willard, and a recent graduate of the Pestalozzi Kindergarten School at Berlin, Germany, has been chosen by Mrs. Cleveland as the White House kindergartner, She will have charge of the education of the President's daughters, beginning her duties upon their return to Washington for the winter

Two Deaths at the Drawbridge. Christopher Hanley, 32 years old, fell off a

rick barge into Gowanus Canal near the Carroll street drawbridge in Brooklyn on Friday night and was drowned. The body was re-covered. A few hours after the drowning acci-dent Thomas Haugh, the bridgekeeper, of 140 Fourth place, dropped dead at his post.

Bierclist Post Dies of a Fractured Skull, Robert J. Post, 55 years old, of 283 Halladay street. Jersey City, whose skull was fractured by a fall from his bicycle on Thursday night died in the city hospital yesterday morning. Post was employed in the office of the Boynton urnace Works in Lafayette.

Heavy Front la Maine.

Nonway, Me., Sept. 5.—There was a frost here this morning heavy enough to kill vegeta-tion in exposed places. Crops not ripe were damaged considerably in some locations.

THEY'RE AFTER J.Q.A. WARD

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

PEEKAMOSE CLUB MEN EAGER TO DO SOMETHING WITH HIM.

They Accuse Him of Threatening to Shoot a Guest Fishing in the Lake and of Firing at the Porester-He, Too, Mas Grievances and Wants the Club Dissolved

The ancient feud between John O. A. Ward. the sculptor, on the one side, and the majority of the members of the Peckamose Fishing Club on the other, has been revived. Mr. Ward is charged with attempting to shoot a guest of the club on Saturday afternoon a week ago. On the evening of the same day, it is charged, he attempted to shoot the club's forrester, Homer Burgher. The members of the club are greatly wrought up over Mr. Ward's conduct, and the venerable sculptor's arrest on the charge of attempt to murder is one of the many dispositions of him which the club has scheduled for to-morrow.

The Peekamose Fishing Club is in the Catakill Mountains, fifteen miles west of Kingston and nine miles from the nearest town, the hamles of West Shokan, on the line of the Uister and Delaware Railroad. The club was incorporated on June 16, 1880. The incorporators were John Q. A. Ward, J. W. Lewis, the millionaire gas man of Brooklyn; Edward A. Whiton, Authory W. Dimock, a broker at 66 Broadway. and William Ferndon.

The object of the club was to maintain & shooting and fishing preserve in the Catskills for the pleasure of its members. Two thousand acres of land were acquired, a club house with sleeping accommodations for twenty persons was built and fitted up. The idea of the incorporators was to make the club as exclusive an possible, and there have never been more than seven members. Most of the members have been artists and millionaire business men.

The members took possession of their property in the summer of 1880, and there was peace for fourteen years. Then, suddenly, Mr. Ward and Mr. Dimock, who had been bosom friends, fell out. There has been trouble in the club ever since. First Mr. Ward, through his nophew and attorney, Quincy Ward Boese, brought suit against the club for a claim of about \$1,500, money which, Mr. Ward averred. he had advanced to the club. This suit has never come to trial. Soon after this action was begun, on May 16.

1894, he made application to Justice Andrews in the Supreme Court for an order to show cause why the club should not be dissolved. In his application Mr. Ward stated that he was one of two existing trustees of the club; that, by reason of death or non-compliance with the terms and provisions of the constitution and by-laws, the other three of the original five trustees had dropped out: that the assets of the club were not sufficient to meet its liabilities; that Anthony W. Dimock, the other trustee, was not financially responsible, and that his ides of running the club did not and could never agree with Mr. Ward's; that Mr. Ward was unwilling to continue to advance money or remain liable for the debts of the club and the amount necessary to protect the preserve from poachers and other depredators, and, therefore, he asked for a dissolution.

The answer put in by Anthony W. Dimock denied that the club's liabilities were greater than its assets, and also denied, among other things, that there were only two trustees. Mr. Dimock mentioned as trustees also Edward N. Whiton, Louis E. Howard, James R. English. and John R. Hegeman, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, He also depied that Ward was even one of the trustees, ascerting that he had been onsted, and that James R. English had been elected in his place. The application was granted, and J. W. Wentworth, a director of the Hecker-Jones-Jeweil Milling Company, was appointed receiver

Then began the long legal fight, which is not yet ended. Dimock and his friends asserted that the order was unfairly obtained, and, after a time, Wentworth was removed and Capt. W. H. Rickets, the veteran court officer, was appointed in his place. Rickets appointed Dimock

pointed in his place. Rickets appointed Dimock his personal representative to manage the club's affairs, and Dimock employed Homer Rurgher, a finite of West Shokan, the club's forester, to protect the property from poachers.

The case involving the order to show cause why the club should not be dissolved has never been tried on its merits, the lituration thus far having been in reference to the tech incontinuous finite case. The questions will be argined finally before the Court of Appeals at the October term. Turner, McClure & Raiston will represent Mr. Ward, and Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, B. C. Chetwood, and others will represent the club.

Since the appointment of Rickets as receiver

R. C. Chetwood, and others will represent the club.

Since the appealment of Rickets as receiver Mr. Ward has wared a sort of guerrilla warfare upon the club and its members. Since he began his suit he has lived, when in the mountains, at the lodge of his friend, J. W. Wentworth, which is only a short distance from the club house. Some time ago he caused Burgher, the forester, to be put out of the gamekerper's lodge. Burgher's wife was ill in bed at the time, and Burger has an action pending against Ward for damages. These trivial affairs led up to the main scrimmage of a week ago Saturday.

Mr. Kelly, the general superintendent of the firm of B. Altman & Co., was married recently. After the wedding, Louis E. Howard, the Vice-President of the club, invited Mr. Kelly and his bride to bass part of their honeymoon at the Peckamose Club as his guests. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly went. On Saturday, all the male members of the club being away, Mr. Kelly concluded to go out on the lake hear the club house to fish. He took with him a coachman, W. M. Dibbell, and Mr. Howard's young sen. They had been fishing but a short time when Mr. Ward, accompanied by Mr. Wentworth and an artist friend named Smith, came along. One of the club sattorneys said yesterday that this conversation followed:

"Hey, there?" yelled Mr. Ward, "pull in

ciab's attorneys said ye-terday that this conver-sation followed:
"Hey, there?" yelled Mr. Ward, "pull in those lines and get off that lake! You've no business there."

Keily was somewhat surprised, but, knowing something of the history of the club, at once appreciated the reason for Mr. Ward's peremp-tory demand.

tory demand.

'am here by invitation, sir," he called back,

"and I intend to stay here until I have done
fishing. Then I shall be delighted to obey your
injunction, sir."

'Come in shore, instantly," shouted Mr.
Ward, "or I'll send something after you that
will bring you in. nshing. Then I shall be delighted to obey your injunction, sir."

"Come in shore, instantly," shouted Mr. Ward, "or I'll send something after you that will bring you in."

"Guess I'll have to trouble you to send, then," was Kelly's reply.

Mr. Ward walked up and down the shore. The lake is in full view of the club house and Mrs. Kelly. Mrs. Dimock, and Mrs. Howard were attracted by the conversation. They walked toward the lake. Mr. Ward, Mr. Wentworth, and Mr. Salith held a consultation. When it was over, they walked away. Kelly kept on fishing. In a short time, according to the lawyer's story. Mr. Ward returned with his companions, he armed with a Winchester riffe and they with shotgams. Then came this conversation. The lawyer said:

Mr. Ward Now, sir, we're prepared to attend to your case. You come in out of that or we'll see if solid lead will bring you, in one condition or another.

Mrs. Kelly—Oh, heaven! The man will murder my husband! Come in, dear! Oh, come in and satisfy the beast!

Mr. Ward—Young man, if this woman is anything to you you'd better do as she tells you. She speaks wisely.

Mr. Kelly is that so? Well, if there is any shooting to be done I can shoot some myself. If you raise that himderbus at me I'll put a bullet through you, and quick, too.

With that Kelly reached around to his hip pocket and drew out his revolver.

"Murier!" screamed Kelly's bride, and she fainted. Then Mrs. Howard went into hysterics, fearing for the life of her son. Mrs. Dimock screamed and implored Kelly to come in. Here, the lawyer said, the conversation was resumed thus.

Mr. Ward—I don't want to her you, young than on account of this woman is anything to account of this woman here.

thus:

Mr. Ward I don't want to hurt you, young man, on account of this woman, but if you don't come I'll.

Mr. Kelly Don't let that woman bother you.

Mr. Ward Don't you talk back to me or I'll shoot you as I would a dog!

Mr. Kelly Bah! You wouldn't shoot anything.

Mr. Kelly Bah! You wouldn't shoot snything.
Mr. Ward slowly raised his gun. Mr. Kelly slowly raised his pistol. A pause: then gun and pistol came down. Gun and pistol testered back and forth for several seconds. Mra. Kelly came to. Mrs. Howard became more composed. Mrs. Dimock ceased screaming.

The three men with the three guns consulted again. Then, the lawyer said, they laid down their guns and began throwing stones at the fishermen. The fusilade was pretty hot, and Dibbell was getting enough of it.

He declared that he was going ashore. Kelly didn't want to move, but Dibbell said he had a